

## List of Contributing Structures with Photos

1. *Orland Park School, 9960 143rd Street* - The center two-story brick portion of the school was built in 1922 and the gymnasium to the west was added in 1940. The distinctive stone walls of the gymnasium are made of Joliet limestone. This is the most substantial of buildings in the Old Orland area.
2. *Former Christ Lutheran Church, 9999 W. 143rd Street* - Erected in 1898, this simple wood frame building is typical of many Gothic Revival rural churches of the period. It has not been altered significantly. The small building south of the church was built in 1922 as a school house.
3. *Former Residence, 9953 W. 143rd Street* - This small, simple frame building was built around 1890. The original materials and building elements have been unaltered. This is a fine example of a National style building with Folk Victorian detailing in the district.
4. *Former Residence, 9925 W. 143rd Street* - This two-story Italianate structure from the 1880's has some nice decorative elements. Except for later residing, this building appears to have had no significant alterations.
5. *Orland Park Library, 9917 W. 143rd Street* - This commercial building with typical Tudor-styling was built in 1937 and once served as Orland Park's first public library.
6. *Orland Park Hotel, 14306-10 Union Avenue* - This frame commercial building was originally the Orland Park Hotel. The ornate Italianate trim dates to the early 1880's. Although the building has been resided and the fenestration of the first floor has been rebuilt, it is still the most ornate early structure in Orland Park.
7. *Loebe Bros. General Store, 14314 Union Avenue* - This was the first general store in Orland Park. The building appears to be a series of buildings that were added onto each other. Most of them appear to date from the early 1880s to mid 1890s. The front is particularly well preserved.
8. *Loebe House, 9952 144th Street* - This large residence from about 1895 is an excellent example of the Queen Anne style. The house shows typical features of Queen Anne houses in the use of bay windows, patterned shingles along the sides and gables, and a tower to break up the flat wall surfaces.
9. *Twin Towers Sanctuary, 9967 144th Street* - Designed by Chicago architect William Arthur Bennett and constructed in 1898, the twin octagonal towers make this the most imposing and visible landmark in Old Orland. This building was substantially renovated by the Old Orland Heritage Foundation. In 1987, the building was added to the National Register of Historic Places.
10. *Orland State Bank, 14316 Beacon Avenue* - Built in 1910, this well preserved brick building is a good example of Italianate commercial buildings once common in the midwest.
11. *Commercial Emporium, 14320-24 Beacon Avenue* - This is an unusual combination of Commercial Italianate and a National style building.
12. *Former Residence, 14330 Beacon Avenue* - This well preserved frame building was likely constructed in the late 1880's or early 1890s. The wealth of Queen Anne decorations have survived since the house was built.
13. *Former Residence, 14315 Beacon Avenue* - This two story Folk Victorian building dates back to the 1880's and is typical of many residences constructed during this period in Old Orland.
14. *Residence, 14339 Beacon Avenue* - This single-story residence in the National style was built in 1890. Many of the original features of the building have been restored.
15. *Residence, 14420 Second Avenue* - Constructed in 1880, this house is believed to be the first residence built in Orland Park. The front bay windows and the roof that joins them were later additions at the turn of the 20th Century.
16. *John Humphrey House, 9830 144th Place* - This stately two-story Italianate frame residence was built in 1881 by the late Sir John Humphrey, a prominent early resident of the Orland area and Orland Park's first Mayor. The interior has been restored with authentic furnishings and is maintained by the Orland Historical Society. This building was added to the National Register of Historic Places in 2005.

More detailed information about these buildings is available from the Village.